

# Designing AI and Digital Technologies for Humanity The Role of Ethical Literacy

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# Outline Talks



- **Challenges**  
of (weak) AI (as discussed in the literature/media)

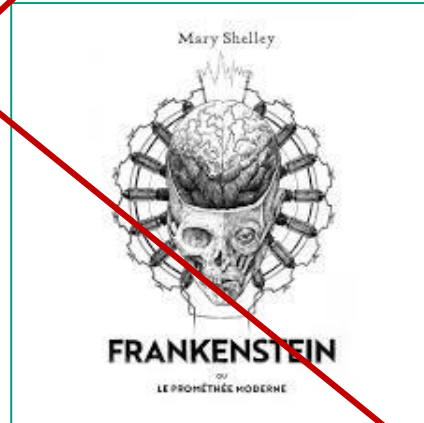


- **Chances**  
of an AI for fostering human values



- **Paths**  
towards ethical literacy

# What is AI not (in this talk)?



➤ Major parts of public and reflective debate focus on some future form of AI

➤ Urgent for Universities of Technology **now**:

➤ AI = current or foreseeable AI after the 3rd spring:

- **Machine Learning**, (un)supervised,
- Neuronal nets,
- ...

# What is AI

- = a system's ability to
  - correctly interpret external data
  - learn from such data
  - use what it learnt to achieve specific goals(s) through flexible adaption

- **Autonomous vehicle**

- Knows the difference between a person and a shadow from data provided by a camera
- Better distinguishes the difference between a person and a shadow
- Steers the vehicle

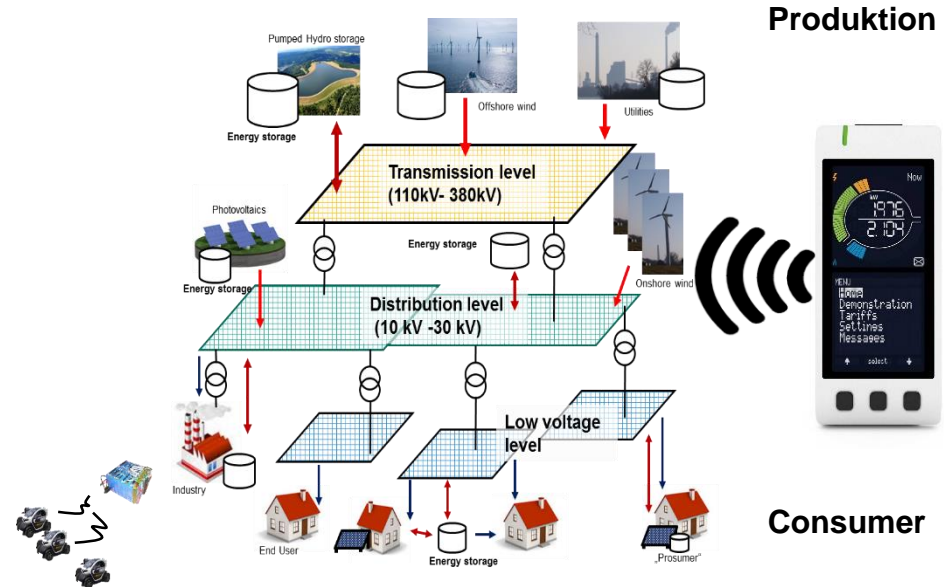


# AI is everywhere

## Search Algorithms in Social Media Applications



## Smart Electrical Grids



# From Electricity Grid to Data Grid

## Chances

- **Enabling technology** for the energy transition towards more renewable sources
- Smart grids to counterbalance that the **intermittent** electricity production and usage are **decoupled**
- AI enables (semi-) **autonomous driving**
  - Efficiency/energy savings

## Risks

- Transport not only of **electricity but also of data**
- Privacy
- Safety
- (Justice)
- ....
- Introduces **unprecedented dynamics** in the electricity system
  - typical time spans in the past covered several decades for infrastructure and power plants

# Some of the Risks of AI

## ➤ Security

- From violations of privacy and **data integrity**
- ... to deep fakes

## ➤ Safety

- From autonomous weapon systems
- ... to attacks critical infrastructures like the electrical grid

## ➤ Stockmarket volatility

## ➤ *Automation* and corresponding job losses

## ➤ Biases and hardening of social injustices

## ➤ ...



# A Classification of the (Ethical) Risks

## ❑ Misuse

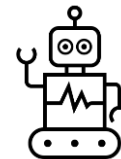
- ❑ dual use
- ❑ (unwanted) unintended use
- ❑ ....

## ❑ Non-intended consequences

- ❑ “accidents“
- ❑ structural risks



This (ethical) **dual nature** of AI is similar to any technology



→ **Is there something NEW about AI?**



# The Dual Nature of AI in Dealing with Complexity

- **AI to reduce complexites**
- AI used to better understand and deal with risks
- Examples: autonomous driving, natural hazard forecasting, clearance of crime scenes with radioactive exposore, ...

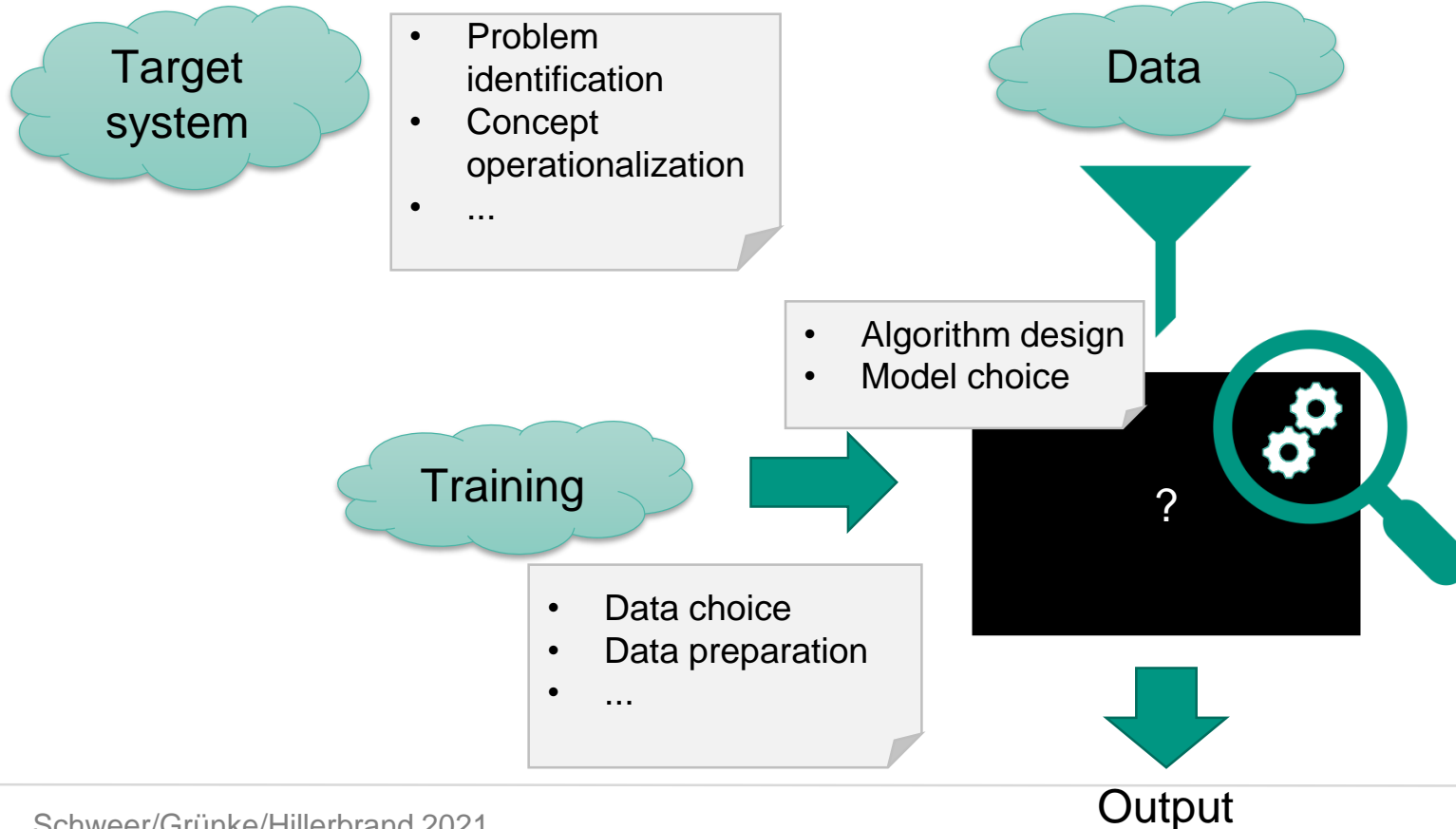
- **AI is a source of complexity**

- AI als „black box“ or as epistemically opaque

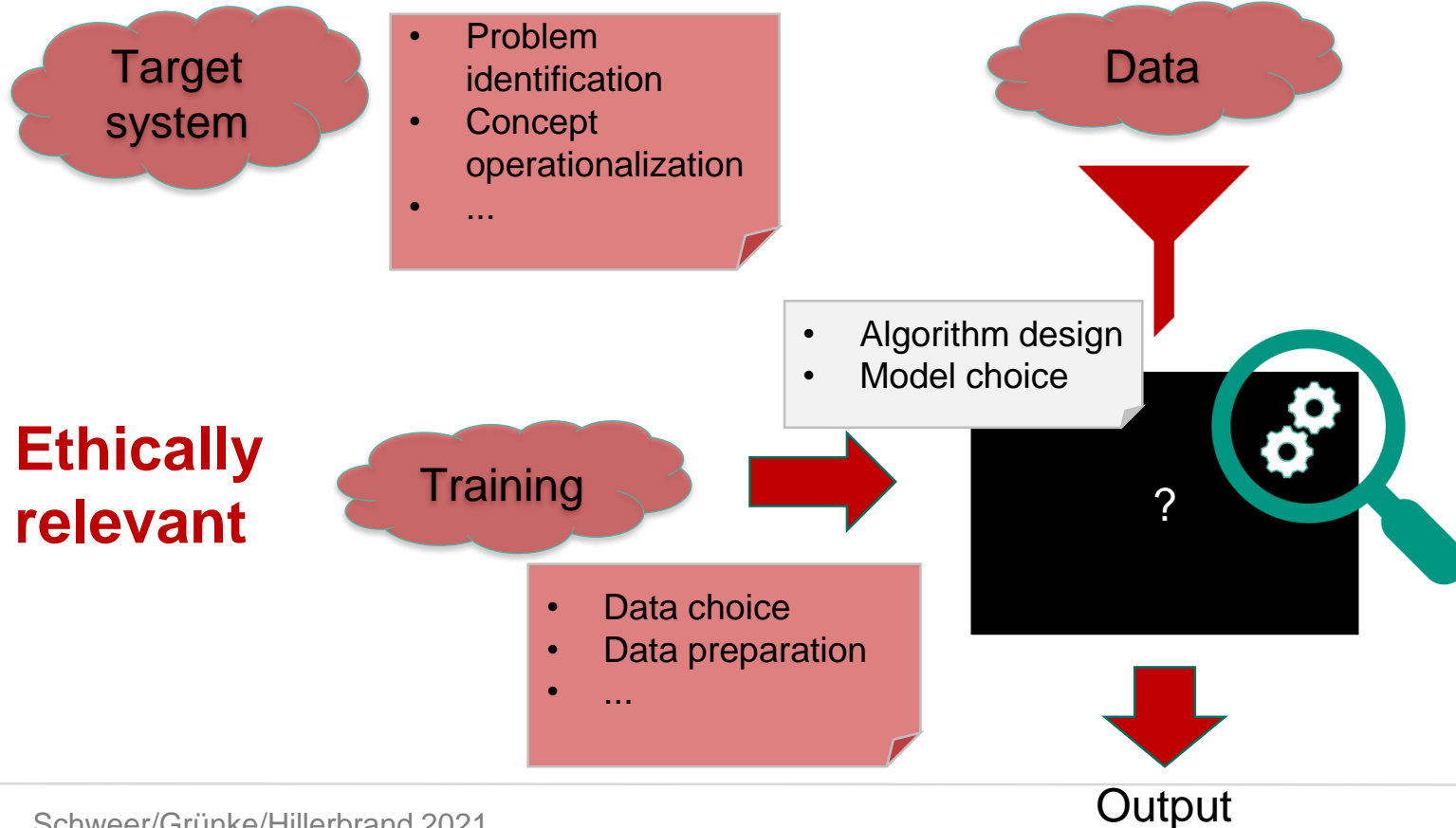
For the user: XAI  
since 2004



# Transparency of AI broader than “Black Box”



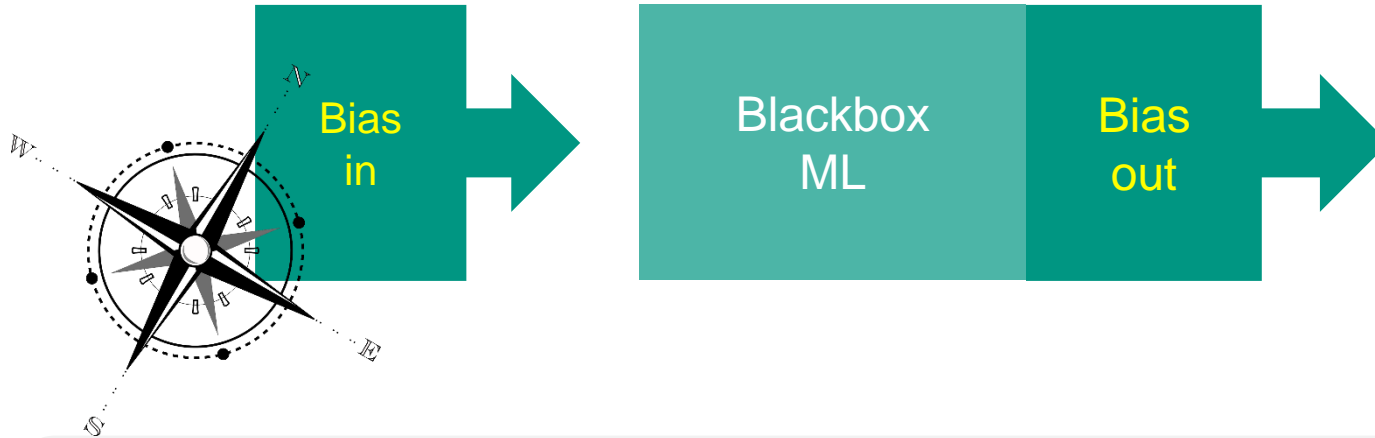
# Transparency of AI broader than “Black Box”



# Example: AI and Biases/Social Injustices



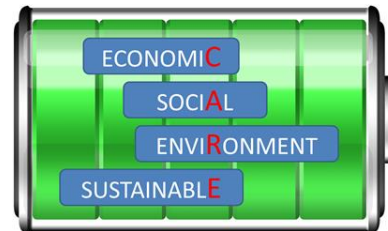
# Example: AI and Biases/Social Injustices



- COMPAS (*Correctional Offender Management Profiling for Alternative Sanctions*) as an example of biased decision making due to biased training and learning data set

# Potentials of AI

- \* AI can be used to reduce social inequalities
  - \* include marginalised groups (e.g. Remesh/UN)
  - \* reduce the costs of teaching
  - \* ...
- \* Instead of an only focus in *threat prevention* use AI to increase our ability to care and make its users more human
  - \* Future use in **Social Life Cycle Assessment**
  - \* ...



# Outline Ethics & AI



- **Challenges**  
of (weak) AI (as discussed in the literature/media)



- **Chances**  
of an AI for fostering human values



- **Paths**  
for training of engineers to device an AI for humanity

# The Janus-Face of Engineering

physics

mathematics

sociology

economics

Application of descriptive scientific and mathematical principles ...

law

How to shape our world in a normative way ? Which problems are to be solved, ...

ethics

chemistry

...

... shape or re-design the world.

science and technology studies





# Ethical Literacy



- Competence to
  - identify ethical problems as such
  - develop normative arguments
  - Reasoning about the normative goals of technological systems/artefacts
- In ethical theory this competence is known as a specific virtue, the phronesis

# Why Ethics in Engineering Education

- **Complexity** of engineering design and research ...
  - Necessitates to train the engineers in ethics (as a casuistic or a satisfactory regulatory framework (ISO norms etc) are out of reach – **devil in the (design) detail**)
  - Makes it difficult to bridge the gap between **ethical theories** and engineering practice
  - Seems to hinder **accepted mid-level principles** (like in medical ethics)
  - Makes it hard to **assign responsibilities** (e.g. due to institutional complexity, cf. Volkswagen emission scandal)
- Technological Artefacts and processes as results of **creative enterprise** are impossible to regulate

# The KIT Academy for Responsible Research Teaching and Innovation – ARRTI



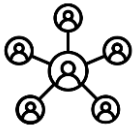
## The ARRTI Goal:

Strengthen responsibility **in** research and innovation (global & intergenerational) & responsibility **to** innovate



## The ARRTI Approach:

Training of **ethical literacy**: ethical competences instead a primary focus on ethical theories and principles

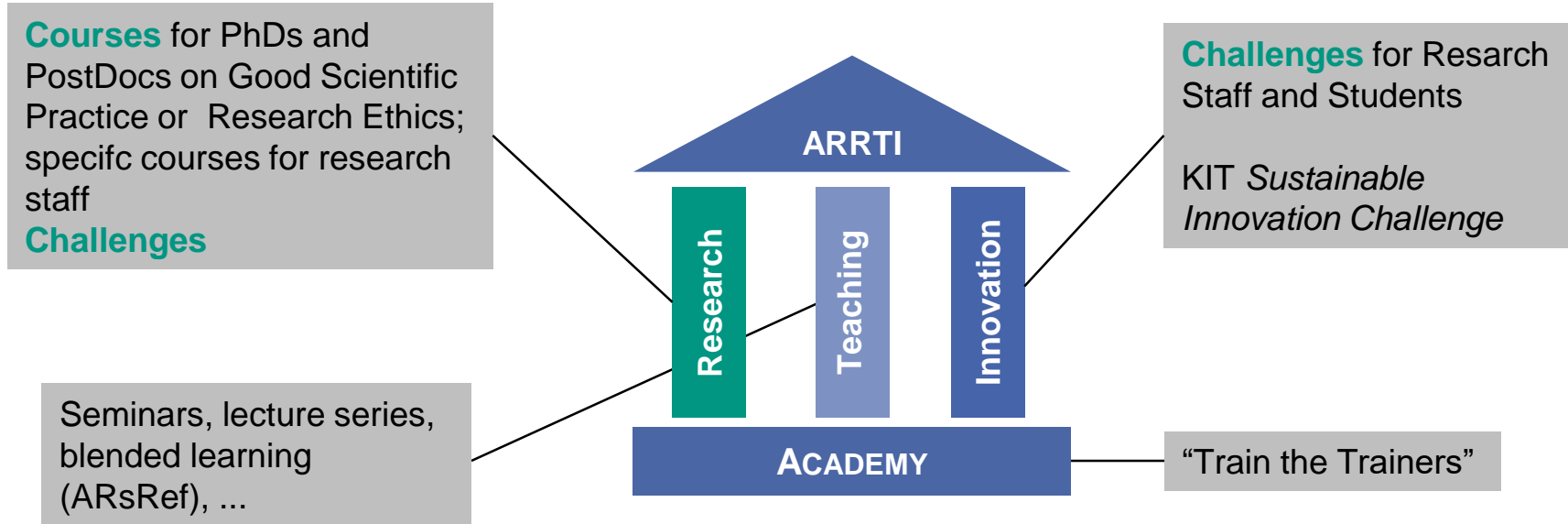


## The ARRTI Method:

Ethics as enabling („Ermöglichung“):

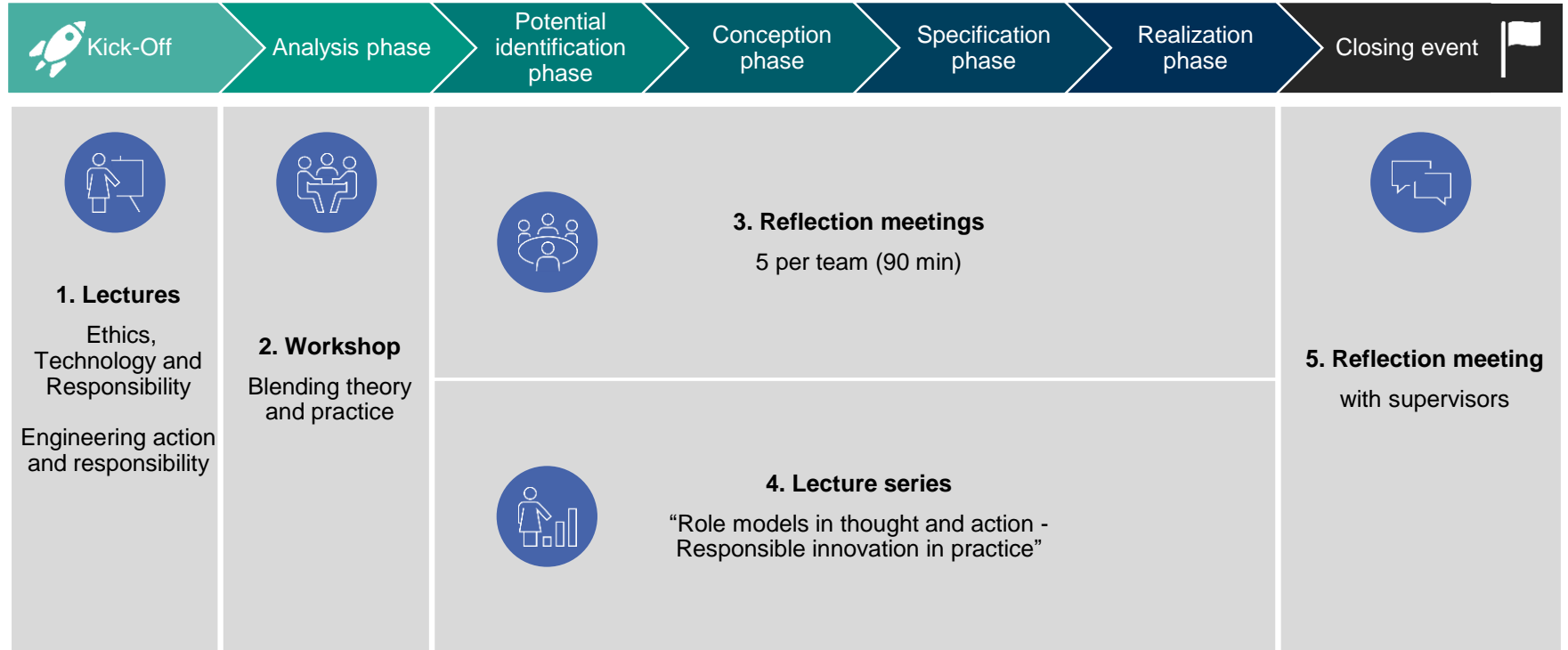
- Inter- & transdisciplinary
- Bottom-up
- Free from ideologies

# Ways to Ethical Literacy



# Example: Ethics in Integrated Product Development

5 months



# ARRTI in IP – Integrated Product Development

## Student voices



„[...] very important to drive forward and advance society through technology and innovation. And that's why these **ethical aspects are also very important to me** at this point.“

„[...] the **perception of responsibility** that one has as **an engineer has become a different one**, because you don't just build things, you build things for someone, and they should be able to use them safely.“



# Summary

- In order to adequately address potential threats of technological development
  - a sensitivity (skill/virtue) is needed to anticipate potential ethical problems
- This (part of an) **ethical literacy** is to be trained in various contexts
  - and enables not only to react to potential threats but to design technological artefacts or processes for ethically good proposes
  - From a *threat perspective* to a an overarching *care perspective* of technology
- AI is not special in this respect,
  - but due to its **dual epistemic nature**,
  - it is mainly to the developers to address the ethical issues
- → greater necessity to include **ethical literacy in engineering curricula**

# Thank You for Your Attention!

